



1 The lights are on so I'm sure Kate is at Home.

- A She might be at home. C She must be at home. E She can be at home.
B She can't be at home. D She mustn't be at home.

2 This book is really I can't finish it.

- A boring B bored C fascinated D fascinating E interested

3 If you need help 118.

- A ring
B dial
C hang up
D turn
E take



4 A person who has finished university and has a degree (e. in Maths) is



- A student
B headmaster
C a graduate
D a pupil
E a professor

5 She's only ten, but she weighs seventy kilos. She's

- A slim B thin C skinny D overweight E underweight

6 It's prohibited to take photos here. You take photos here.

- A can B must C don't have to D should E mustn't

7 Why don't you go to sleep?

- A You look like tired. C You are looking tired. E You don't look tired.
B You look tiring. D You look tired.

8 Wonderful! It's holiday tomorrow. I go to school.

- A have to B must C should D mustn't E don't have to

9 Please call later. Mr. Smith is talking on the phone, the line is

- A busy B engaged C cut of D out of order E broken down

10 It's a marvelous book. You it.

- A shouldn't read B mustn't read C ought read D should E don't have to read

11 I've never sing well, but my sister is great.

- A was able to B could C can D been able to E be able to

12 He in the country, but now he lives in the city.

- A used live B used to living C used to live D used to life E didn't use to live

13 Which sentence is correct?

- A She won't go if Tom goes, because she can't drive.
- B She will go if Tom goes, because she can't drive.
- C She will go unless Tom goes, because she can't drive.
- D She won't go unless Tom goes, because she can't drive.
- E She won't go unless Tom will go, because she can't drive.

14 Choose the right sentence.

- A He wouldn't help you if he didn't want to.
- B He would help you if he didn't want to.
- C He wouldn't help you if he wanted to.
- D He wouldn't help you, if he didn't want to.
- E He won't help you if he didn't want to.

15 If he one of his exams, he can it again next year.

- A cheats pass
- B passes write
- C fails take
- D fails pass
- E fails revise

16 Choose the odd one out.

- A sink
- B ventilation hood
- C cooker
- D oven
- E washbasin

17 I must with my friend Ola to get more information about the exam.

- A keep in touch
- B lose touch
- C get in touch
- D get to know
- E make friends

18 John is over in love with Susan.

- A ears feet
- B eyes ears
- C head toes
- D head heels
- E head ears

19 Choose the right sentence.

- A He always walks to a work..
- B He never goes to work by bus.
- C He never comes back from the work before five o'clock.
- D He is never at the work on Sundays.
- E He is always on time at a work.

20 It's a secret so he tell anyone.

What Causes Reflections?

Light from the sun or a light bulb moves in straight waves. When the light waves hit an object, they bounce off of it. This action is called reflection. For most objects, the light bounces in many directions at the same time. When this happens, it allows us to see the object. A picture of the object is sent to the brain from the eye.

The brain helps us understand what we see. Light waves also bounce when they hit a smooth, shiny surface. Hitting a surface like a mirror makes the light waves bounce directly back to your eyes. This movement allows you to see yourself. It creates a reflection. You see the objects around it instead of the mirror itself. Anything shiny may act like a mirror when the light hits it. Have you ever seen your face reflected in the rounded side of a pot or pan? You can even see reflections on the surface of water if it is smooth and still. You have probably seen beautiful pictures of mountain scenes. Often the mountains and sky are reflected on the smooth surface of the lake. Water and glass have a special ability. They can refract, or bend, light. That's why a spoon in a clear glass of water will look bent when it really is not. The ability of glass to refract light has given us some useful products. Eyeglasses help us see clearly. Magnifying glasses enlarge our view of an object.

- A The brain helps us to comprehend what we observe.
- B The light travels straight.
- C The light is spread in many directions at the same time for all the objects.
- D All shiny objects behave like a mirror when hit with the light.
- E Magnifying glasses make a thing bigger.