

SYNAPSA Master

Gimnazjum Klasa 1

JĘZYK ANGIELSKI

PART ONE

Przeczytaj fragmenty tekstów o zwierzętach i zakreśl każdą właściwą odpowiedź zgodną z ich treścią. Możesz wybrać więcej niż jedną z podanych możliwości.

Section A One day, Opossum was walking in the woods when he saw Raccoon. Opossum had always admired Raccoon because he had a beautiful tail with rings all around it. So Opossum went up to Raccoon and said: "How did you get those pretty rings on your tail?" Raccoon stroked his long tail fondly and said: "Well, I wrapped up around the tail here and here and here," he pointed. "Then I stuck my tail into the bonfire. The fur between the strips of bark turned



black and the places underneath the bark remained white, just as you see!" Opossum thanked Raccoon and hurried away to gather some bark. He wrapped the bark around his furry tail, built a big bonfire and stuck his tail into it. Only the bonfire was too hot and too fierce. It instantly burned all of the bair off the Opossum's tail, leaving it entirely bare. Opossum cried when he saw his poor tail, but there was nothing he could do but wait for the fur to grow back. Opossum waited and waited and waited. But the tail was too badly burnt by the fire and the fur did not change back. Opossum's tail remained like that for the rest of his life.

1. Oppossum's tail did not grow back because

- A. The fire was too strong
- B. Oppossum stuck his tail for too long.
- **C.** Oppossum wanted to make his tail
- **D.** Oppossum was careful.
- **E.** Oppossum was careless.

2. Text A might come from the collection of

- **A.** native American legends
- **B.** folk tales

D. poems

E. Christmas carols

C. stories

Section B Macavity's a ginger cat, he's very tall and thin; You would know him if you saw him, for his eyes are sunken in. His brow is deeply lined with thought, his head is highly domed; His coat is dusty from neglect, his whiskers are uncombed. He sways his head from side to side, with movements like a snake; And when you think he's half asleep, he's always wide awake.



3. The author of the text suggests that Macavity is a ... cat.

A. friendly

D. red

B. cunning

E. large

C. smart

4. Text B is an example of

A. poetry

D. a novel

B. a poem

E. a scientific fact

C. the collection of myths

Section C A butterfly is a mainly day-flying insect of the order Lepidoptera, which includes the butterflies and moths. Like other insects of this species, the butterfly's life cycle consists of four parts: egg, larva, pupa and adult. Butterflies have large, often brightly coloured wings, and conspicuous, fluttering flight. Butterflies comprise the *true butterflies*, the *skippers* and the *moth-butterflies*. All the many other families within the Lepidoptera are referred to as moths. The earliest known butterfly fossils date to the mid Eocene epoch, 40–50 million years ago.



5. Moths and butterlies have

A. lot in common

B. many similarities

C. five life cycle parts

D. an ability to fly

E. flies

6. Text C is ...

A. imaginary

B. scientific

C. biological

D. ornithological

E. adventurous

7. All of the texts are ...

A. about different species

B. about reptiles

C. about mammals

D. about animals

E. about rodents

Resources: Native American story retold by S.E.Schlosser, T.S. Eliot, Macavity:The Mystery Cat http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Butterfly

PART TWO

Przeczytaj definicje określające miejsca i zakreśl każdą właściwą odpowiedź zgodną z ich treścią. Możesz wybrać więcej niż jedną z podanych możliwości.

Synapsa 2016 8. It's a customer service facility for delivering letters and parcels.

A. post office

D. butcher's

B. fire brigade

E. nursery

C. baker's

9. Customers buy medicine here.

A. drugstore

D. chemist's

B. stationer's

E. surgery

C. pharmacy

10. A building situated in the country.

A. Town Hall

D. a roof

B. a cottage

E. a landing

C. an apartment

11. A place where people plant trees, grow flowers and vegetables.

A. farm

D. garden

B. allotment

Æ. playground

C. leisure centre

12. A school venue.

A. cloakroom

D. harbour

B. I.T. suite

E. gym

C. camp

13. A person who works for emergencies.

A. police officer

D. robber

B. firefighter

E. burglar

C. ambulance driver

14. Side dishes you order for dinner.

A. chips

D. coffee

B. French fries

E. flour

C. desserts

15. A piece of jewellery.

- A. casual
- B. rucksack
- C. necklace
- D. pendant
- E. chain

PART THREE

Przeczytaj tekst i zakreśl <u>każdą</u> poprawną odpowiedź zgodną z jego treścią. Możesz wybrać <u>więcej niż jedną</u> z podanych możliwości

| A MAD TEA-PARTY | |
|---|---|
| There was a table set out under a tree in fro | ont of the house, and the March Hare |
| and the Hatter (16) tea at it: a D | ormouse (17) between them, |
| fast asleep, and the other two were using it a | s a cushion, resting their elbows on it, |
| and, talking over its head. "Very unco | mfortable for the Dormouse," (18) |
| Alice; "only as it's asleep, I suppose | it doesn't mind. |
| The table was a large one, but the three were | e all crowded together at one corner of |
| it. "No room, no room!" they (19) | when they saw Alice coming. "(20) |
| plenty of room!" said Alice indignant | ly , and she sat in a large arm-chair at |
| the end of the table. "Your hair (21) | cutting," said the Hatter. He had been |
| looking at Alice for some time before with | great curiosity, and this was his first |
| speech. "You should (22) not | to make personal remarks," Alice said |
| with some severity. "It's very rude." The Hatte | r opened his eyes very wide on hearing |
| this; but all he said was "Why is a raven like | a writing-desk?" "Come, we shall have |
| some fun now" thought Alice. "I'm glad they | (23) asking riddles-I believe |
| (24) guess that," she added aloud. | 140 |
| | Resource: Lewis Carrol, Alice in Wonderland |
| | |
| X. | 9 |
| 16.() | |
| A. were having | D. have |
| B. has | E. was having |
| C. are having | |
| 0 | |
| 17.() | |
| A. were sitting | D. was sitting |
| B. was sitting | E. was satting |
| C. were siting | |
| <u> </u> | |
| 18.() | |
| A. thinked | D. tought |
| B. thanked | E. taught |
| C. thought | |
| | |
| 49.() | |
| A. cryed | D. started to cried |
| B. cried | E. started to cryed |
| C. started to cry | |

| 20.() | |
|--|--|
| A. is | D. there's |
| B. are | E. there is |
| C. was | |
| 21.() | |
| A. need | D. ned |
| B. needs | E. has |
| C. is needing | |
| 22.() | 350 |
| A. learn | D. learnt |
| B. learns | E. learning |
| C. learned | 57 |
| 23.() | |
| A. has begun | D. will begun. |
| B. have began | E. will began |
| C. have begun | 2011 |
| 24.() | 2170 |
| A. can guess | D. was guessing |
| B. will guess | E. am have to guess |
| C. able to guess | |
| PART FOUR | |
| Przeczytaj pytania i zakreśl kazdą wła Możesz wybrać <u>więcej niż jedna</u> z podany | |
| 25. What's the matter? | |
| A. I've got a sore throat | D. My throat pain. |
| B. I'm choking. | E. I feel unwell. |
| C. My throat hurts. | |
| 26.Excuse me, where's the taxi rank? | |
| A. Go straight and turn left. | D. Put the second turning left. |
| B. Take the second turning on the left. | E. It's over there. |
| | |

27.Excuse me, what time is it now?

A. It's half past thirteen.

D. It's half to two.

B. It's half past one.

E. It's two-by-four.

C. Twelve thirty, Sir.

28.Oh, I've spilt tea on your book! I'm so sorry!

A. Never mind.

D. Don't care.

B. That's ok.

E. You're welcome.

C. Have a go.

29. Peter! Stop making such a terrible noise! Behave yourself!

A. I do apologize.

D. Sorry, Miss.

B. Well done, Miss.

E. Suit yourself.

C. Shame on you.

30. Thank you for your help.

A. Never mind.

D. Can't be bothered.

B. Don't mention it.

E. Cheer up.

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